

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS	(PART-I MCQs)	MAXIMUM MARKS: 20
PART-I (MCQs) : MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	(PART-II)	MAXIMUM MARKS: 80
NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes. (ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit. (iii) There is no negative marking. All MCQs must be attempted.		

PART-I (MCQs)(COMPULSORY)

Q.1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate Box ☐ on the OMR Answer Sheet. (20x1=20)
(ii) Answers given anywhere else, other than OMR Answer Sheet, will not be considered.

- Which of the following is an overlooked factor in global water politics?
(A) Agriculture Production (B) Privatization of Water Resources
(C) Good Governance (D) None of these
- Which African country was the first to secure independence from colonial rule?
(A) Ghana (B) Nigeria (C) Chad (D) None of these
- The concept of Prudent Realism is mainly discussed by:
(A) T.V. Paul (B) Fareed Zakaria (C) Gideon Rose (D) None of these
- Which university established the first academic department of International Relations?
(A) University of Oxford (B) Harvard University (C) University of Cambridge (D) None of these
- The main idea of anarchy generally refers to:
(A) Fear of Unknown (B) Fear of Circumstances (C) Fear of Enemies (D) None of these
- What is the name of only sea on Earth with no coastline and it is known as sea within a sea.
(A) Aegean Sea (B) Sargasso Sea (C) Red Sea (D) None of these
- The Ankara Declaration 2024 was a landmark development between:
(A) Iran and Saudi Arabia (B) Armenia and Azerbaijan (C) Ethiopia and Somalia (D) None of these
- Which movement was launched by Mahatma Gandhi in 1942?
(A) Civil Disobedience Movement (B) Quit India Movement
(C) Non-Cooperation Movement (D) None of these
- Which European country is known as the "Land of Thousand Lakes"?
(A) Norway (B) Iceland (C) Finland (D) None of these
- Who typically plays the most significant role in policy implementation?
(A) Politicians (B) Legislators (C) Bureaucrats (D) None of these
- Which doctrine focuses on non-interference in the internal affairs of other states?
(A) Realpolitik (B) Isolationism (C) Sovereignty (D) None of these
- What is the emphasize of cyber-security policy?
(A) Security individual internet users (B) Securing government infrastructure and digital assets
(C) Securing social media networks and digital platforms (D) None of these
- Affordable Care Act 2010 of US is known as
(A) Obamacare (B) Bidendcare (C) Trumpcare (D) None of these
- Brexit refers to the United Kingdom's decision to:
(A) Leave the European Union (B) Strengthen Domestic Economy
(C) Create New Alliances (D) None of these
- One-Child Policy of China was primarily introduced to:
(A) Regulate Economy (B) Control Population Growth
(C) Promote Urbanization (D) None of these
- Abenomics refers to Japan's policies regarding:
(A) Trade with India (B) Trade with US (C) Trade with South Korea (D) None of these
- Which forced United States to join World War II?
(A) The Invasion of Poland (B) Attack on Pearl Harbour (C) The D-Day Invasion (D) None of these
- The African National Congress (ANC) was active in its fight against?
(A) Apartheid in South Africa (B) European Colonization in Africa
(C) Economic Inequality of Africa (D) None of these
- The Covid-19 was officially declared a global pandemic by the WHO in:
(A) January 2020 (B) May 2020 (C) March 2020 (D) None of these
- The Mau Mau Rebellion occurred in:
(A) Kenya (B) Nigeria (C) Ghana (D) None of these

PART-II

- NOTE:** (i) **Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.
(ii) Attempt **ONLY FOUR** questions from **PART-II**. **ALL** questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
(iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
(iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
(v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
(vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

- Q. No. 2.** What were the key driving forces behind the establishment of International Relations as an academic discipline? Provide an analysis of the major historical events and intellectual developments that contributed to its evolution and formal recognition in the world. **(20)**
- Q. No. 3.** What are the key theoretical perspectives of non-Western approaches to understand the nature and evolution of world politics, and how do they compliment or challenge traditional Western paradigms? **(20)**
- Q. No. 4.** How has minilateralism emerged as a modern approach to foreign policy in state relations? Provide a rational explanation of its development, highlighting the major factors driving its adoption and advantages over traditional multilateralism. **(20)**
- Q. No. 5.** How does the Taliban's transition from a non-state actor to a formal state actor challenge the security paradigm in the post-21st-century? Provide a conceptual analysis by examining its implications and drawing comparisons with similar global developments. **(20)**
- Q. No. 6.** How has the digitalization of international system reshaped traditional warfare, sparking strategic clashes in the post-information era? Explore its theoretical implications for modern conflict. **(20)**
- Q. No. 7.** What innovative strategies can be employed to overcome the political and technical obstacles in achieving complete nuclear disarmament? Discuss logically. **(20)**
- Q. No. 8.** Write short notes on any TWO of the following: **(10 each) (20)**
(a) Surveillance Capitalism
(b) Grand Ethiopian Renaissance Dam (GERD)
(c) Defence Research and Development Organization (DRDO)
